Annex IV

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Private Suite - Wellington Equity Global Research

Legal entity identifier 549300IMY6RY8DYEZE32

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

Yes X No It made **sustainable** It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it investments with an did not have as its objective a environmental objective: _% sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 0.00% of sustainable investments in economic activities that with an environmental objective in qualify as environmentally economic activities that qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the Taxonomv EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do with an environmental objective in not qualify as environmentally economic activities that do not sustainable under the EU qualify as environmentally Taxonomy sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective It made sustainable It promoted E/S characteristics, X but did not make any investments with a social sustainable investments objective: _%



Sustainable investment

means an investment in an economic activity

that contributes to an environmental or social

objective, provided that the investment does not

significantly harm any environmental or social

objective and that the

follow good governance

The **EU Taxonomy** is a

investee companies

practices.

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The main environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-fund through the Investment Manager's ESG methodology were the following:

• Environmental: climate change prevention (in terms for example of reduction of carbon emission, carbon footprint, climate change vulnerability), pollution & waste prevention (with reference to toxic emissions & waste, packaging material & waste, electronic waste), environmental opportunities (in clean tech, in renewable energy);

· Social: human capital (labor management, health & safety, human capital development, supply chain labor standards), product liability (product safety & quality, chemical safety, consumer financial protection, privacy & data security, responsible investment, health & demographic risk), social opportunities (access to communications, access to finance, access to health care, opportunities in nutrition & health), stakeholder opposition (controversial sourcing, community relations).

Environmental and social characteristics are pursued through the indicators listed in the section: "How did the sustainability indicators perform?".

classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted

by the financial product

are attained.

Principal adverse impacts

are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The indicators used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristic promoted by the Sub-fund were:

 the absence of investments in securities that were on the exclusion list as result of the application of the exclusion policy. The Investment Manager excluded investment in sectors which deemed to be harmful from an SRI/ESG perspective or which did not follow good governance practices. As an example, the Sub-fund complied with an exclusions policy which referred to: i) the production, maintenance, sales and storage of weapons of mass destruction (WMD); and ii) the extractive activities, production and distribution of electricity connected with thermal coal, the energy source among fuels which represents the highest contributor in terms of carbon dioxide emissions; therefore, issuers deriving at least 25% of their revenues from these activities were excluded. The exclusion was extended to those issuers in breach of the Principles of the UN Global Compact which included principles relating to human rights, labour conditions, environmental issues and anti-corruption practices;

• the ESG rating of the portfolio.

To undertake the ESG rating analysis, sustainable characteristics of the underlying investments were defined by reference to a combination of data generated internally by the Investment Manager's proprietary models and data provided by external ESG research providers.

The ESG score of the portfolio was A.

…and compared to previous periods?

Not applicable, given that no prior periodic disclosure, as mandated by Regulation 2022/1288, has been presented.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not have a sustainable investment objective.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not have a sustainable investment objective.

_ How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but no commitment to make investments with a sustainable objective has been made.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Not applicable, the product promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not have a sustainable investment objective.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Investment Manager specifically considers the following principal adverse impact ("PAI") indicators: Carbon emission (Scope 1 + 2); GHG intensity of investee companies; Violations of UNGC principles and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises; Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster ammunitions, chemical and biological weapons). For government bond and supranationals: GHG intensity and Investee Countries subject to social violations.

The Sub-fund's Investment Manager can check the PAI data through a periodic monitoring report, where can be consulted the values of the indicators at product level and, where present and possible, at respective benchmark level in order to include this information in the investment decision-making process. However, considering the large variability of PAI data at sectoral and geographical level, as well as their retrospective nature, no thresholds or stringent limits are set at portfolio level.

What were the top investments of this financial product?

Largest Investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
APPLE INC	MANUFACTURING	4.87%	United States of America
MICROSOFT CORP	INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	4.16%	United States of America
AMAZON.COM INC	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES	3.54%	United States of America
NVIDIA CORP	MANUFACTURING	3.37%	United States of America
UNILEVER PLC	MANUFACTURING	1.99%	United Kingdom
TJX COMPANIES INC	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES	1.72%	United States of America
WELLS FARGO & CO	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	1.62%	United States of America
ALPHABET INC-CL A	INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	1.61%	United States of America
DEUTSCHE TELEKOM AG- REG	INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	1.42%	Germany
ADVANCED MICRO DEVICES	MANUFACTURING	1.40%	United States of America
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	1.28%	United States of America
ELI LILLY & CO	MANUFACTURING	1.27%	United States of America
META PLATFORMS INC- CLASS A	INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	1.17%	United States of America
KKR & CO INC	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	1.16%	United States of America
ARES MANAGEMENT CORP - A	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	1.16%	United States of America



The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period

31/08/2024 - 31/08/2024

which is:





Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

What was the asset allocation?

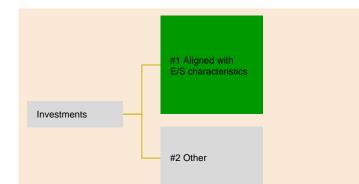
In accordance with the binding elements of the investment strategy adopted for promoting the environmental and social characteristics, the proportion of the investments that met the ESG criteria (in terms of ESG rating coverage) as of 31/08/2024 was 99.36%, compared to the minimum threshold of 50% of the portfolio (box #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics).

The remaining proportion (0.64% corresponding to the box #2 Other) of the investments (not included in the investments for promoting environmental or social characteristics) should be limited to:

• cash and cash equivalent instruments which may be held as ancillary liquidity or for risk balancing purposes;

• derivatives which may be held for risk balancing purposes and efficient portfolio management but not for promoting environmental and social characteristic;

· securities for which relevant data is not available.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.**#2** Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

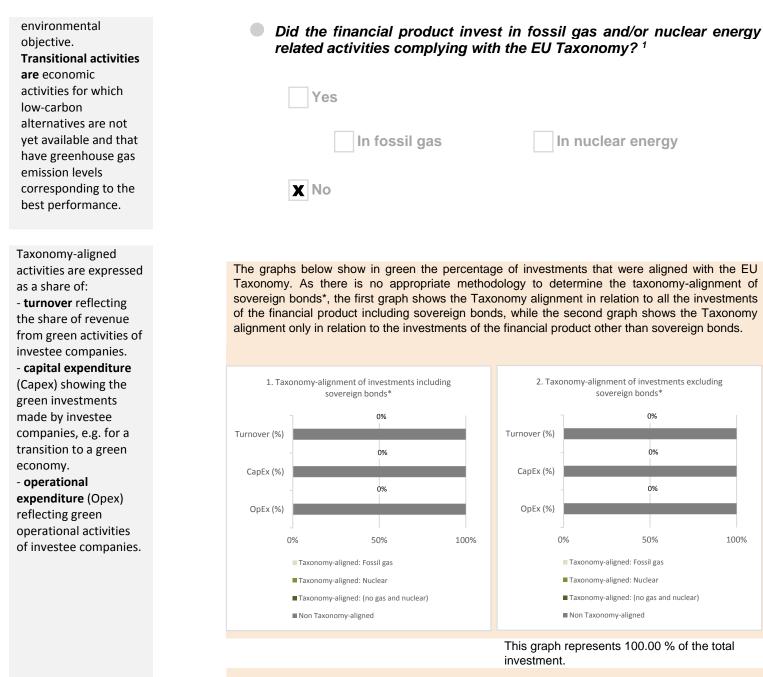
Sector	Sub-sector	% Assets
MANUFACTURING	С	40.13%
FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	К	16.64%
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	J	16.33%
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES	G	10.35%
REAL ESTATE ACTIVITIES	L	3.37%
ELECTRICITY, GAS, STEAM AND AIR CONDITIONING SUPPLY	D	2.18%
PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL ACTIVITIES	M	1.94%
Transporting and storage	Н	1.41%
CONSTRUCTION	F	1.21%
HUMAN HEALTH AND SOCIAL WORK ACTIVITIES	Q	1.01%
ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICE ACTIVITIES	1	1.01%
MINING AND QUARRYING	В	0.82%
WATER SUPPLY; SEWERAGE, WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES	E	0.55%

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Investments in environmentally sustainable economic activities alligned with the EU taxonomy represented 0,0% of the portfolio.



*For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The share of investments in transitional and enabling activities was 0%.

• How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Not applicable, the financial product does not have a commitment to invest in activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable, the financial product does not have sustainable investment objectives.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

Not applicable, the financial product does not have sustainable investment objectives.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The remaining portfolio may also hold instruments not subject to the ESG integration process such as cash and cash equivalent instruments or for risk balancing purposes and derivatives for risk balancing purposes and efficient portfolio management. This category may also include securities for which relevant data is not available. There are no guarantees on the respect of the minimum environmental and social safeguards criteria regarding the investments under the category "#2 Others".



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

Actions taken during the reference period to meet environmental and social characteristics followed by the Investment Manager are the following:

SRI exclusion criteria:

Issuers directly operating in the following sectors are not permitted:

• in the production, maintenance, sales and storage of weapons of mass destruction(WMD), i.e., nuclear, biological, chemical and radiological weapons (NBCR), including those which are excessively harmful and indiscriminate as identified by the United Nations Convention on Certain conventional Weapons (CCW);

• in the extractive activities and production of electricity connected with thermal coal, the energy source among fuels which represents at the global level the highest incidence for carbon dioxide emissions; therefore, issuers with at least 25% of their revenues from these activities are excluded.

Integration of ESG factors:

The integration of ESG factors is promoted through the selection of the most virtuous issuers in terms of sustainable performance through an ESG rating. To undertake the ESG rating analysis, sustainable characteristics of the underlying investments are defined by reference to a combination of data generated internally by the Investment Manager's proprietary models and data provided by external ESG research providers.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics

How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with Not applicable

How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

Not applicable

How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?

Not applicable